

## ALBUQUERQUE EVENING HERALD

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## A CONVENTION OF MAYORS.

The proposed convention of mayors of the various cities and towns of New Mexico is no held here during fall week to meet a man, and at once as conditions that it deserves more than passing mention. While some precedent for such an association may be found in the convention of state governors, which has now come to be an annual affair, the idea of adapting the scheme to the heads of municipal units is a unique departure in history. The plan as outlined in Mayor Elder's letter is to discuss problems of municipal government and to draft a set of municipal laws that will eliminate the troubles that have beset the majority of the state under the territorial laws. The time of the meeting is singularly opportune because it will make possible that laws be adopted by the first state legislature, providing model municipal legislation for the young state, a consummation devoutly to be wished.

The success that has resulted from the convention of state governors has been greater than the fondest hopes of the men who instituted the movement. It has enabled the heads of the individual states of the union to intelligently discuss problems of state government and explain the results of experiences and experiments, so that mistakes in one state need not be repeated by her sister states. Where beneficial measures have been instituted it encourages their adoption by less progressive commonwealths. The convention of state governors, while first proposed as an experiment, has proven so eminently desirable that it has now become a permanent organization.

That a like success will attend the convention after the auspicious results of the governors' rally, and if the expectation of its promoters are realized it will also become a permanent institution, from which New Mexico will undoubtedly receive great benefit. The problems of municipal government have usually proved the most knotty of all the questions coming before state legislatures, but there is small doubt that the putting together of heads of men who have had personal experience with these problems will evolve legislation of a high order. The success of Mayor Elder's plan once demonstrated, it will undoubtedly lead other states to follow in the path of New Mexico. Which only goes to show that the new state is at the front of the procession right at the start.

## A BLOW TO ROMANCE.

Judge E. R. Portierfield of Kansas City's juvenile court recently said, in a comment on marriage, "In ten years marriage will be controlled by strict laws. The man and woman will have to show that they are sound mentally and physically. The man must show that he is in a position to support a wife and family; the woman that she knows how to keep house, cook, sew and take care of children. There will also be a moral qualification. Unless they can show positive qualifications on these lines they will be denied a license."

Something of the glamour and romance of courtship, the saying of sweet nothing and the fairy tales of castles in Spain. Where he would be a poet with nothing else to do but to write the tender verses she set the music to, would be missing in such a matter-of-fact marriage, says the *Salem Journal*. Daydreams with romantic automobile runs to the next county seat and long stories in the Sunday papers would be missing and the world, that loves a lover, would feel that some of the sweetness and joy had gone out of life.

Yet the plan suggested would not be without its compensating features. The journal goes on to say: For much of the romance of runaway weddings and of marriages that take place when the husband cannot support his wife and the wife cannot make the house a home, proves to be but a thin veneer and Cupid's eyesight impairs after a few weeks of wedded life. The loss of romance that Judge Portierfield's provision would effect would be attended by a consequent stamp in the business of the divorce courts and of the juvenile courts and there would be fewer stories of domestic infidelities told in details in journals of yellow hue, statisticians, who compile long columns of figures to show the trend of domestic life, would find some startling new facts and the percentage of happy homes

would increase in an encouraging fashion.

## TUBERCULOSIS TO DISAPPEAR.

Tuberculosis is diminishing among the white race, and it is predicted that in 25 or 30 years it will have quite disappeared. The decrease or diminution is different in different countries, showing that the decrease is one of birth and life. The reduction of the numbers is one of the strongest supports of the sentiment of optimism, for it indicates the increase of longer and longer living.

The personal health in respect to hygiene, purity, courage, integrity and unselfishness is another tuberculosis and all other maladies everywhere.

As the world advances in virtue and honor, our diseases begin to grow less. This doctrine was announced by John Barnes, the famous master of craftsmanship, and it his philosophy and this agrees, we all have reason to rejoice.

There is to be another consideration added to this which is that the same disease that reduces tuberculosis will reduce our social and political anomalies as well. It sad habits make disease, they also make bad thoughts. We are so accustomed to all these things to think the east before the horse that we insist on improving our institutions without disturbing private life and habit. —Ohio State Journal.

The impact news show that the United States is importing more champagne this year than ever, and less of art works and books. While the American thirst is being educated, the American mentality seems to be retrograding. —San Francisco Post

## ARIZONA GIRL IS SHOT BY LOVER

Sixteen Year Old Miss in Globe is Riddled With Bullets By Jealous Sweetheart Who Feared a Rival.

**By Evening Herald A. P. Leased Wife**

Globe, Ariz., Sept. 6.—The victim of alleged jealousy, Pepe Bracken, a 16-year-old Navajo girl, was shot four times through the abdomen and probably fatally wounded. Tom Valtas, a former sweetheart, is in jail, charged with the shooting. It was said that the accused man was told by the girl's brother that she had another sweetheart.

**BLACK HAND IS ACTIVE IN COLORADO**

Federal Aid Is Asked by Pueblo to Bid City of Navajos Indian Organization: Blackmail Practised.

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 6.—To induce the government to send secret service men here to make the arrest of local Black Handers, the district attorney has written the department of justice, and it is believed the department will take steps to rid this section of what is considered the boldest band of extortions in the west. The sheriff has secured much evidence with photographs implicating the local band and it is believed it will not be difficult for officers operating under the federal laws to land the ringleaders in the penitentiary. The state law makes no provision for prosecution of Black Hand gangs, and for this reason the sheriff is unable to act.

Developments during the last two weeks, showing that certain Pueblo Indians are forced to pay monthly sums into the treasury of the Black Hand, have stirred local officers to appeal to the government. Tony Corado, a steel worker, is one of several foreigners who pay \$25 a month black money.

**NEW YORK OVERRUN BY FLEA HORDE**

New York, Sept. 6.—New York state is the victim of a violent and concentrated attack by fleas—various and index insects.

Fleas—cannibals of the common dog flea and fleas irritants the common human flea. More of these two varieties of pests have been observed throughout the state, and particularly in regions near this city, than have been noted in years.

From Westchester towns for weeks have come reports of dogs eaten alive by the pests. One man in Pelham killed two of his dogs which were so infested that their skins were constantly covered with blood from insects.

Two dogs were found dead, presumably from the attack of fleas in Tarrytown, and at Irvington private kennels have had to be burned.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

By request of my Republican friends I have agreed to announce myself as a candidate for judge of the district court of the Second Judicial district, which is composed of the counties of Bernillo, McKinley and Sandoval.

I do so with the understanding that my candidacy will be subject to the action of the Republican delegates of the above mentioned counties in the state convention.

ELFEGO RACA,  
Attorney-at-Law,

Albuquerque, N. M.

For bowel complaints in children always give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and enter oil. It is certain to effect cure and when reduced with water and sweetened is pleasant to take. No physician can prescribe a better remedy. For sale by all dealers.

## PAVING AGAIN GOES OVER UNTIL NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT

Lengthy Session of the City Council Last Night at Which Merits of Material Are Praised and Belittled.

The significance of the consideration of the street paving business was the most important and least matter taken up by the city council last night and there was no air of expectancy and eagerness all during the disposal of the other business. With the exception of Albercorn G. H. Thomas, who is out of the city, there was a complete absence of the council, also quite a number of others, most of whom were interested in the paving proposition.

It will be remembered that at the last session of the council two measures on the committee named by the property owners and later appointed taken up by the city council last night and there was no air of expectancy and eagerness all during the disposal of the other business. With the exception of Albercorn G. H. Thomas, who is out of the city, there was a complete absence of the council, also quite a number of others, most of whom were interested in the paving proposition.

Upon being questioned by Mr. Stannin regarding the difference between the lithophile and ordinary asphalt, Mr. Latham replied in scientific terms, which Mr. Stannin inferred to mean simply a difference in size of the stones used. Mr. Stannin also inquired if the O'Laughlin bid was not made on the same specifications as the lithophile and, upon receiving an affirmative answer, asked the reason for the considerable difference. To this Mr. Latham replied that the O'Laughlin bid had been withdrawn and that Mr. O'Laughlin had sent the information that it would be impossible for him to lay the paving called for in the specifications at that bid, but that he could lay another paving which he could lay at the price of \$1.80. Mr. Stannin immediately denied this.

Mr. Latham also pointed to the fact that it would be impossible for the paving to penetrate wood blocks, as the pickling is done without pressure, while wood block penetrating requires otherwise.

While Mr. Clark took the position of desiring more deliberate consideration, Dr. Worth looked at the matter in a way not previously mentioned. He considered the matter, either out of the jurisdiction of the council and thought that it should be decided by the people involved, the ones paying for the paving. Thus, if the committee representing these persons asked for lithophile, it was his opinion that available they should have. To quote: "It is my opinion that the report of that committee should be accepted even if they ask for stone roads."

Dr. Worth's motion to lay the matter over one week was carried and the meeting shortly adjourned to next Tuesday at 8 o'clock.

Report of the Condition of THE STATE NATIONAL BANK At Albuquerque in the State of New Mexico, at the close of business, September 1st, 1911.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts..... \$60,000.00

Overdrafts, secured and unsecured..... 6,316.73

U. S. bonds to secure certificates..... 160,000.00

U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits..... 50,000.00

Deposits on U. S. bonds..... 4,000.00

Bonds, securities, etc. .... 31,000.48

Banking houses, furniture and fixtures..... 8,000.00

Due from National Banks and reserves agents..... 15,234.63

Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust companies and Savings Banks..... 16,620.48

Due from approved reserve agents..... 169.24-13

Checks and other cash items..... 5,197.81

Exchanges for clearing houses..... 11,435.66

Notes of other National Banks..... 8,524.00

fractional paper currency, nickels and cents..... 18.10

Lawful Money Reserves in Bank, etc. .... \$78,829.00

Legal-tender notes..... 20.00

Total..... 78,800.00

REDEMPTION FUND WITH U. S. Treasurer 6% per cent of circulation..... 5,000.00

Total..... \$1,212,000.15

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in..... 100,000.00

Surplus fund..... 40,000.00

Unpaid dividends, less expenses and taxes paid..... 4,425.94

National Bank notes outstanding..... 160,000.00

Due to other National Banks..... 94,701.25

Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers..... 16,724.85

Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks..... 11,531.94

Due to approved Reserve Agents..... 8,771.16

Individual deposits subject to check..... 335,161.32

Time certificates of deposit..... 412,657.55

Certified checks..... 500.00

Cashier's checks outstanding..... 6,689.12

United States deposits..... 30,260.85

Deposits of U. S. disbursements office..... 19,555.65

Liabilities other than those above stated..... 50.62

Total..... \$1,212,000.15

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernillo, etc.

I, Roy McDonald, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ROY McDONALD, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of September, 1911.

P. F. McCANN, Notary Public.

My commission expires May 2, 1912.

Correct—Attest:

O. N. MARRON.

J. B. HERNDON.

J. A. DYE.

Director.

he asserted that the committee appointed was not the choice of the majority of the property owners on the streets to be paved and that the signatures to the petition were simply a case of people signing the first thing around without sufficient consideration.

Thus, Mr. Latham, representing the lithophile company, had an uphill job in defending his paving, however, he won at it with a jest.

Quoting him in jest, Wood block is alright in a moist climate, but in this dry climate the crevices come to the surface and the block allows when thus dried out it wears away very rapidly." As an illustration he referred to its unsuccessful use in Dallas, Texas.

On this point he was questioned by Alderman Clark, who read a letter from ex-Street Commissioner Boone of Dallas, referring to the wood block used there in complimentary terms.

Telegrams received by Superintendent Summers from Street Commissioner Malson of the Southern lines, were also read. The first considered the wood block paving a success, while the second blamed it by the exception of hot weather when the heat might be expected to draw the concrete from the block. When this was read Mr. Latham smiled broadly, indicating that he considered it the point at which he had been driving.

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Mr. Stannin, who had charge of the store, resigned and has gone to San Francisco to accept a position there.

A. Moss, boat carpenter, with his family will leave soon in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild removed to Los Angeles last week. Mr. Fairchild was one of the carpenters and Mrs. Fairchild held the position of stenographer for a time.

The tent at the new town was taxed beyond its capacity at the service held last Sunday night by Rev. Dr. Harry Stanton, Jr., minister, recently returned from a long trip to Ohio, Pennsylvania and New Jersey.